

HONORED GUESTS.

Ready to Receive the Presidential Party.

THE FINAL ARRANGEMENTS.

Arrival of Gov. Markham Yesterday
Afternoon—Meetings of Committee—The Procession—General Notes.

Everything is in readiness for the reception of President Harrison, who is to arrive at the Arcadia depot at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The streets over which the procession will pass have been thoroughly cleaned and put in good order, and at 3 o'clock all wheeled vehicles will be removed from Spring, Main and Broadway and the streets will be kept clear until after the passage of the procession. Chief Glass has ordered the entire police force to turn out at noon and the men will be on duty during the afternoon, besides a number special to look after the children. The Committee of Arrangements have perfect all details and nothing remains but to await the arrival of the distinguished visitors.

AT THE PAVILION.

The pavilion, under the direction of Mrs. Flint, president of the Flower Festival Society, and the ladies of the society, together with those of the Ladies' Annex and Relief Corps, has been elaborately decorated, and now presents a beautiful appearance. There is, however, a place for all the cut flowers that can be sent in, and these will be received up to noon. The exterior of the building is relatively plain, as well as the interior, and the effect is very pleasing. The four pillars in front are trimmed with pepper branches and the three arches above outlined with palm leaves. A corps of workmen are attending to the finishing of the handiwork within.

The effects of the sun will be that of a tropical garden and on either side the platform a tapering floral column with a base of evergreens and calla lilies will reach from floor to ceiling. Flag draperies will be used to cover the platform gallery is faced with a beautiful design—green bunches of callas and paper branches alternating with palm leaves—and all the joists and columns are concealed by foliage. Red, white and blue bunting and numerous flags of all nations will add to the brilliancy and patriotism to the decorations.

The interior will be brilliantly illuminated that evening, when the effect will be very striking.

POSITIONS IN LINE.

Col. Corbin, the grand marshal, has issued the following order, giving the positions which the various organizations will occupy in the procession:

The Seventh Regiment, National Guard, will march at the Arcadia Depot not later than 2:30 tomorrow, where instructions will be given by the commanding officer.

The Grand Army will take position on Main street at the same hour—right of the line so that the left will rest on Fifth street, forming the line of march immediately behind the line of the Union and other societies not yet reported, will take position on the left of the line, in the order of their reporting.

The teachers and children of the public schools will take position on Spring street, down to south from Temple, under the direction of the superintendent of the public schools.

The Catholic schools will take position on the left of the public schools, also divided into two sections, "assigned" to be made on this line as directed by the bishop or those acting under his immediate jurisdiction.

The children should be cautioned against leaving the curbing or making any attempt to follow in the procession. Teachers should be in all instances accompany the children.

The aids to the marshal will report corner Second and Spring streets at 2 o'clock and be formed under direction of Major F. C. Bailey.

Capt. Bailey and Lieut. Collier, U. S. A., are designated to accompany the President.

H. C. CORBIN, Grand Marshal.**COMMITTEE OF WELCOME.**

The Committee of Welcome held a meeting in Major Hazard's office yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, with His Honor presiding and H. Z. Osbornes acting as secretary.

A motion of Judge Lamme all representatives of foreign governments were invited to participate in the celebration.

Five members of the Grand Army were invited to accompany the committee on the train today.

Teachers reported that all the fruit needed had been secured and would be at the train this morning.

The members of the several committees will each wear a badge bearing this inscription: "Los Angeles to President Harrison." The badges are of various colors, each containing a different colored star.

The badge of the Committee of Two Hundred is a white silk ribbon.

Col. H. G. Otis stated that at a meeting of the Royal League, held Saturday afternoon, he had been appointed to represent the order, together with another whom he should designate, and he had named Gov. Treichel of the Soldiers' Home.

The Committee of Welcome is comprised of Mayor Hazard, Lt. F. Del Valie, L. N. Morris, Dr. St. John, Dr. J. C. Smith, Dr. J. Ainsworth, Col. H. G. Otis, Gen. Matthews, S. O. Houghton, J. D. Lynch, Hervey Lindsey, A. W. Francisco, A. J. Kelley, H. W. Hellman, E. H. Lamme, W. C. Furrey, Dr. J. G. Powers, Maj. W. H. Bond and Gov. Treichel and Messrs. Ward and John. The committee will leave this morning in the special Pullman placed at their disposal by the Southern Pacific Company, and will make the "Presidental speech" in Beaumont, where the car will be coupled on, returning to the city about 3 o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF GOV. MARKHAM.

Gov. H. H. Markham and party arrived in this city on train, in special coaches, at 2:35 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Quite a number of the members of the Presidential Reception Committee, members of the Union League and citizens were in waiting at the Wolfskill depot, and with the assistance of a number of men who had been engaged by the committee, the Governor and party were given a rousing reception.

Gov. Markham occupied the private car "Chinook," escorted by Gen. C. C. Allen and his private secretary, M. H. Hart, and Col. Frank Crocker, first vice-president of the Southern Pacific Company occupied his new and elegant car Mishawaka, and was accompanied by Division Superintendent Col. John Charles Felton, ex-Gov. George C. Pardee, ex-dictator of San Francisco Frank McCollum, Hon. C. S. Shantz, chairman of the Republican Committee, and Judge Van Vleet of Sacramento.

As soon as the train came to a standstill the reception committee surrounded the Crocker car, while the Governor was sitting, and as soon as he arose from the platform he was loudly applauded, and a handshaking performance was begun.

The Governor never appeared in better health than at the present time. He has his residence in Sacramento, where he took up his residence in 1869, and it is there that he has been for some time past. The climate of the Northern Citrus Belt is much better than some people in Southern California have considered.

Gov. Markham mingled freely with the crowd and had a kind word for everybody. After he had shaken hands with all present he was invited to take a drive about the city. He entered the first carriage and was escorted by Capt. Frank Crocker and Col. Harrison Gray Otis.

The second carriage contained Col. Crocker, ex-Mayor McCoppin, ex-Gov. Perkins and Mr. Stump, and the third carriage held Col. Corbin, U. S. A., Gen. P. Johnstone, Van Vleet and H. Z. Osborne.

The procession passed up Spring to First, First to Hill, Hill to Temple, up Temple to the hills, where they viewed the city from the hills they resided their way to Westlake.

and were driven around the lake. They were then driven down Seventh street to Main, and after reviewing the Government wreath or more properly speaking, Vandever's men, made by them, the party left for the 5:10 o'clock train for the south to meet the Presidential party.

Gov. Markham was joined in this city by ex-Mayor W. H. Workman, Hon. Stephen M. White and Hon. F. del Valie, who were invited to join the Governor, Division Superintendent Muir accompanied Col. Crocker and party as far as Indio, where the Governor and his party will wait upon the Presidential party. Mr. Muir went on, and will meet the President at Yuma and will escort him back. Hon. Frank Crocker Parsons with him, who will steer the ship or train of state into the State.

The Presidential train was reported on time at the train dispatcher's office yesterday afternoon, and as no delay in the train will put in the Wolfskill depot at 3 o'clock sharp this afternoon.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Executive Committee on the reception of President Harrison met in the City Hall last evening to put the finishing touches to the programme already arranged for the public demonstration to be held today.

Major Hazard, after calling the meeting to order, stated that at the reception to be held in the evening at the pavilion, the galleries would be reserved for ladies only, while the general public, while the space under the galleries will be partitioned off with ropes, so as to make an avenue for the passage of the crowd in front of the platform upon which the President will stand.

On motion of A. E. Pomeroy, it was resolved to request the grand marshal to make arrangements for the admission of members of the general committee to the stage at the reception on presentation of their badges.

On motion of Maj. E. W. Jones the members of the Committee of Two Hundred were requested to meet at the Arcadia depot at 2:45 o'clock sharp for the purpose of receiving the Presidential party.

A. E. Pomeroy stated that he had not made any such delegation along the streets, as well as the interior, and the effect is very pleasing. The four pillars in front are trimmed with pepper branches and the three arches above outlined with palm leaves. A corps of workmen are attending to the finishing of the handiwork within.

The following ladies assisted in decorating the Hollenbeck: Mrs. Frank McClary, Mrs. Norton, Mrs. Bledsoe and others.

The Native Daughters will decorate the Hollenbeck this morning. The following ladies will be present: Miss Frank McCreary, Miss M. Goodhue, Mrs. M. Hy, Mrs. G. Curt, Mrs. B. C. Wier, Miss T. Ernest, Miss C. Katz, Miss M. Mead, Miss A. Behn, Miss E. A. Moore, Miss C. C. Moore, Mrs. Crowley, Mrs. Stock, Mrs. Walker, Miss Maloy and others. The Native Daughters will also present Mrs. Harrison with a beautiful floral piece.

NOTES.

The entire city will turn out to do honor to the President today.

The Continentals have been assigned a place in the procession, and are expected to march in the same.

All organizations taking part in the parade should be promptly on time, so that there may be no delay.

The Hollenbeck people are short of callies and are anxious to have some left at the hotel this morning so that the President's rooms may be decorated by noon.

The Signal Corps of the Seventh Regt. will be present to receive the general committee to the stage at the reception to the City Hall after the procession; whereupon Maj. Furrey explained that arrangements had already been made for them in the rear of the platform upon which the President will stand.

The President has telegraphed his acceptance of the invitation of the Union League to a reception at its rooms after that at the pavilion. All members are requested to meet at the headquarters at 7 o'clock, march in the procession and then proceed to the exercises escort the President to the League rooms. Members so desiring may obtain badges of admittance to the reception of the secretary, at any time today.

The following telegram was received by Col. Corbin yesterday from Gen. Baker, Lt. Col. F. C. Bailey's aide-de-camp, dated El Paso:

"The following are the members of the Presidential party: President Harrison, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Secretary of War, Maj. Sanger, U. S. A., A. D. C. to the President, Russell, Harrison, Marshal of the Horse Guards, George W. Boyd, Tibbets, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Russell Harrison, Mrs. Dimmick and Mrs. Boyd. Joined here by Gen. McCook."

Maj. Furrey stated that no such rule had been adopted, and it would be an utter impossibility to prevent American workmen from shaking hands with their President if they wanted to. There would of course be a great many who did not want to shake hands, and many more who would not find an opportunity of doing so.

A. E. Pomeroy said it would be a good idea to introduce the President to the members of the committee on the platform, while the stream of individuals was passing in front, so as to relieve the reception of any stiffness.

The following telegram was received by Col. Corbin yesterday from Gen. Baker, Lt. Col. F. C. Bailey's aide-de-camp for the convenience of the representatives of foreign nations who had been invited.

Maj. Furrey reported that the sum of \$100 had been received from the city and \$100 from the railroad companies, and collected in the name of the Union League, and had been employed but had only succeeded in getting in about \$150. On his motion a committee was appointed to call upon the delinquent members of the committee and collect the \$5 assessments due.

At the suggestion of Major Hazard, it was decided that an announcement be made to the effect that badges could be obtained at J. Messer's place of business at 114 North Main street until noon today, which would admit them to the stage at the pavilion.

Those wanted to know what was going to be done with the surplus if there was any, and after some discussion it was resolved on motion of T. A. Lewis to devote all moneys collected over and above the necessary expenses to the Fourth of July fund.

On motion of T. A. Lewis, it was resolved to use the funds of the Union League to help the poor in Los Angeles.

On motion of A. E. Gorman, the Carriage Committee was requested to provide a vehicle for the convenience of the representatives of foreign nations who had been invited.

Maj. Furrey reported that the sum of \$100 had been received from the city and \$100 from the railroad companies, and collected in the name of the Union League, and had been employed but had only succeeded in getting in about \$150. On his motion a committee was appointed to call upon the delinquent members of the committee and collect the \$5 assessments due.

At the suggestion of Major Hazard, it was decided that an announcement be made to the effect that badges could be obtained at J. Messer's place of business at 114 North Main street until noon today, which would admit them to the stage at the pavilion.

Those wanted to know what was going to be done with the surplus if there was any, and after some discussion it was resolved on motion of T. A. Lewis to devote all moneys collected over and above the necessary expenses to the Fourth of July fund.

On motion of T. A. Lewis, it was resolved to use the funds of the Union League to help the poor in Los Angeles.

On motion of A. E. Pomeroy, the Finance Committee was appointed, and the chairman was instructed to divide his list of the delinquent members into four parts and appoint as many collectors to run the delinquents.

The chairman appointed the following as members of the committee: Messrs. J. G. Powers, A. E. Pomeroy, H. J. Shouters and J. Messer.

Chairman Hazard added the name of Maj. W. H. Bonsai to the Committee on the Union League.

Capt. A. W. Barrett reported that the Finance Committee had made arrangements for the accommodation of the Presidential and gubernatorial parties and the Welcome Committee in carriages as follows:

Carriage No. 1—President and Mrs. Harrison and Postmaster-General Wanamaker.

No. 2—Secretary of Agriculture J. Rusk, Mrs. Dimmick and Gen. and Mrs. A. McD. McCook.

No. 3—Russell Harrison and Mrs. Harrison.

No. 4—United States Marshal Ransdell, Judge E. M. Ross and E. M. and Mrs. Lamine.

No. 5—Maj. Sanger, Lieut. Baker and Maj. and Mrs. W. H. Bonsai.

No. 6—Capt. A. C. Allen, J. D. Lynch, Hervey Lindsey, A. W. Francisco, A. J. Kelley, H. W. Hellman, E. H. Lamme, W. C. Furrey, Dr. J. G. Powers, Maj. W. H. Bond and Gov. Treichel.

No. 7—Col. John Charles Felton, ex-Gov. George C. Pardee, ex-dictator of San Francisco Frank McCollum, Hon. C. S. Shantz, chairman of the Republican Committee, and Judge Van Vleet of Sacramento.

No. 8—Hon. F. Del Valie, Lt. F. H. L. Morris, Dr. St. John, Dr. J. C. Smith, Dr. J. Ainsworth, Col. H. G. Otis, Gen. Matthews, S. O. Houghton, J. D. Lynch, Hervey Lindsey, A. W. Francisco, A. J. Kelley, H. W. Hellman, E. H. Lamme, W. C. Furrey, Dr. J. G. Powers, Maj. W. H. Bond and Gov. Treichel.

No. 9—Oscar P. Austin of the Press News Association, Tibbets and Capt. H. Z. Osborne.

No. 10—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boyd and Mrs. F. S. Johnson.

No. 11—Senator Felton, Richard V. Oulahan of the United Press, Col. and Mrs. H. G. Otis.

No. 12—Gov. G. C. Perkins, Alfred J. Clarke of the Associated Press, L. N. Breed and Mrs. W. H. Bond.

No. 13—Adj'ty. Gen. C. A. Allen, R. F. Del Valie, Gen. and Mrs. J. R. Mathews.

No. 14—Col. C. F. Crocker, Hervey Lindsey, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Houghton.

No. 15—Chief Justice Beatty, Justices Patterson, McFarland and Supreme Court Clerk E. F. Brown.

No. 16—Justices Sharpstein, De Haven and Harrison and Hon. S. M. White.

No. 17—Judge Van Vleet of Sacramento, Col. and Miss C. C. Treichel and ex-Mayor F. H. Garrison.

No. 18—Hon. F. McCoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 19—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 20—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 21—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 22—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 23—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 24—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 25—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 26—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 27—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 28—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.

No. 29—Hon. F. Mcoppin, Lieut-Col. Freeman G. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Francisco.</

[ESTABLISHED 1881.]

The Los Angeles Times.

Publishers' Announcements—Rates of Subscription, Etc.

The Los Angeles Times (8 pages) is published every morning in the year at the Times Building, N. E. corner of First and Broadway.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
W. A. SPALDING | MARIAN OTIS,
Vice-President | Secretary.C. C. ALLEN,
ALBERT MCPARLAND, Treasurer.TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.
SERVED BY CARRIERS.DAILY AND SUNDAY, per week..... \$.20
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per month..... .80

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per quarter..... .25

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per year..... 9.00

PUNTA (12 to 16 pages) per year..... 2.00

Order by carrier, telephone, post or letter.

THE LOS ANGELES WEEKLY MIRROR (12 pages) is published every Saturday morning at \$2 per year, or \$1 for six months.

TIMES-MIRROR TELEPHONES:
Business Office, No. 200; Residential Room, No. 674
Times-Mirror Printing House..... No. 403Address THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, : TIMES BUILDING,
N. E. corner of First and Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Vol. XIX., No. 140. • • • Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice as second-class matter

Circulation — DAILY AVERAGE : — 8443
FOR MARCH,

NOTES OF THE DAY.

NEWFOUNDLAND fishermen are turbulent.

INFLUENZA is spreading throughout England.

VENTURA will have a big bean crop this year. Cuba will take lots of them.

MEXICAN officials joined cordially with the Americans in receiving the President at El Paso.

A RUSSIAN lieutenant has set out on a little walk from Vladivostock to Paris.

THE EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION of Southern California will hold its next meeting at Flagstaff, Ariz.

BEN Butler was forcibly expelled from a Boston courtroom yesterday by order of the presiding judge.

HEIMBACH is credited with the authorship of a pamphlet advocating a German alliance with Russia.

ITALY is not in any condition to wage war at present. It is on the verge of a financial crisis, and heavy failures are causing panics.

HERE is an awful warning to spring poets. Eighty-three per cent. of the Norristown Insane Asylum inmates wrote poetry prior to their confinement.

DRUNKEN orgies of a disgraceful nature characterized the closing scenes of the Nebraska Legislature. A little reform is badly needed in our State Legislatures.

IT is now ascertained that only two of the eleven Italians killed in New Orleans were Italian subjects. Perhaps we shall presently discover that none of them were.

UNDESIRABLE immigrants who could not pass the New York authorities are creeping in through Boston. The new immigration law should be enforced and, if necessary, strengthened.

THERE has been another case of insubordination in an English military garrison. The British army system evidently needs overhauling. The Duke of Cambridge, who has long outlived his usefulness—which was never very great—should be retired.

SECRETARY RUSK, as agricultural representative of the Presidential party, will be specially interested in a section whose horticultural resources are so varied and so different from those of the States east of the Rocky Mountains.

THE PRESIDENTIAL party will please remember that, while Los Angeles is an old Spanish pueblo, it is a very young American city. Ten years ago this was a bantling of 11,000 population, and therefore, in judging from our appearance, allowance must be made for our youth.

THE weather, since the beginning of the year, has not been up to the Southern California average. While we have had less rain than usual, there has been more chilly, cloudy weather. It is to be hoped that today will prove an exception to the rule, so that the Presidential party may see Los Angeles at its best.

IT is possible that San Francisco may have a big gun plant. Irving M. Scott believes that such a plant, established by private capital, if managed well, would pay investors handsomely. The capital required would be about \$5,000,000. It would make San Francisco the supply point for nations bordering on the Pacific coast.

IT is said that Postmaster-General Mandanaker's order has cut the lottery business down one-half. We notice, however, that some journals, not a hundred miles from this office, continue to publish the list of drawings, just as if nothing had happened. The Postmaster-General will proceed against the express companies next.

THE SAN FRANCISCO HERALD of Trade has it on good authority that a systematic raid is to be made on wholesale and jobbing dealers in California wines, who for years have made a practice of putting good California wine in foreign-looking bottles and other packages with foreign labels, all of which is contrary to law, and of course a detriment to our winters and to the prejudices of our wines.

CONSUL-GENERAL NEW of London, in a report to the Department of State on the commerce of Great Britain, says the total value of imports into the United Kingdom in 1880 was \$2,118,187,925 and exports \$1,573,525,705, or together a total trade of \$3,711,716,630. The imports and exports both exceed those of any previous year and were in the proportion of \$98.12 per head of the population of the kingdom. These totals do not include the value of gold and silver bullion, of which there was imported \$135,197,193, and exported \$125,668,150, nor the goods imported for shipment, the value of which was \$300,905,060.

cradled upon the rock-bound shores of the Atlantic, rocked by Danger and nursed by Hardship—a child scorned by the thrones and kingdoms of the old world—has become a Titan whom now they could not conquer and whom they would hesitate to assail. A Nation that has girdled the land from the Atlantic to the Pacific with iron bands, and planted its growing States all along the borders of the western sea—a Nation that emerged triumphant from four years of bloody war into a long era of blessed peace.

Mr. President, we bid you welcome! We are glad to have you see us as we are. We are proud to greet you as the executive head of the greatest of all republics. We shall delight to honor you as a ruler true to his convictions, loyal to republican principles, devoted to the interests of the whole people without regard to party, and the chosen and honored representative of sixty-four millions of freemen.

Again we salute you and bid you welcome, with all your party, to Los Angeles, the commercial metropolis of the Southern Pacific Coast.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECHES.

It is a long journey from the sunrise to the sunset, from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores of this vast continent, yet such a journey has the Chief Magistrate of sixty-four millions of free people made in order to visit us.

What a glimpse he has had of the land and the people over which he holds his scepter—traversing, as he so happily remarked, "a kingdom without a king, an empire without an emperor." Yet everywhere has he found sectional feeling, political animosities thrust into the background, for the time being, and received from the sovereign citizens of every State that genuine, spontaneous, cordial welcome which is the highest tribute that could be paid to him as the representative of a free government.

Leaving the National Capital, passing through the South, and traversing Texas, that State territorially equal to four States, larger than many European principalities, and turning his face toward "the land where the sun goes down," he passed the swift-flowing stream of the Rio Grande, "the brave river of the North," crossed a corner of New Mexico and Arizona, those lands of solitary peaks, of vast silences, and the ruins of a vanished civilization, over which past centuries seem still to keep watch and ward, and leaving the Colorado River behind him, he finds the blue skies of the Golden State bending with welcoming sunshine above him. There are wide, uncultivated wastes which gave Gen. Garrison no hint of the verdure and beauty, the wealth of fruits and flowers lying on this side; but climbing the mountain heights of San Geronimo's Pass to an elevation of over 2500 feet, he will descend its slopes on the Pacific side, and drop today into the garden of the continent. Colton and Pomona, cradled in their orange groves and vineyards, will stretch out welcoming hands to him, and fair and beautiful as the green-clad valleys of Spain will unroll before him the orchard-crowned and the vineyard-girdled valley of the San Gabriel, a spot older than Plymouth Rock. He will pass under the shadow of its old Mission walls, built when other peoples had away over this fair portion of the country of which he is now the executive head, and he will see how swift has been here the advance of American progress. One land, one people from the east to the west, one destiny—a people of sovereign freemen giving loyal support to the Government which he represents, and everywhere bidding him welcome as their chief.

And passing on this afternoon between the green hills and beside the flowing river that skirt his way on the higher side of the San Gabriel, he will reach Los Angeles, and receive here a royal welcome. He will see here a city set upon an hundred hills, modern in all her adornments, a paradise of homes. A city of schools, of churches, of colleges, of universities and of printing presses. An important railroad center; a depot of supplies for adjacent States and Territories. A center of wealth and of trade for this section; a city with a network of street railroads; of fine public buildings; of well-paved streets, of desirable and beautiful adjacent summer resorts; a city whose atmosphere is fragrant with the odorous bloom of its surrounding orchards, and whose outlying spaces are, in their season, purple with the ripening grape or golden with abundant harvests. A city whose people stand in the foremost ranks of intelligence and patriotism, and who will extend to him a welcome warm as the sunshine in which it is nurtured. Here the popular pulse-beat is loyal and true. On these sun-swept shores a civilization which may contend with the world's best has planted itself; and here, though the spaces of a continent lie between him and the Government life at Washington, the President will realize, more fully than he could at home, that in all this country there is but one people, one government and one flag. That the Nation which a little over a century ago was

about to assert that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

In Galveston, the President made quite a long speech, which is worth quoting entire, but lack of space forbids us repeating more than the following passage:

We are strong enough and rich enough to reach forward to broader conceptions than have entered the minds of some of our statesmen in the past. If you are content I am not that the nations of Europe shall absorb nearly the entire empire of America, and that the United States, in the south of us, that is naturally in a large measure ours by neighborhood, ours by nearness of access, ours by that sympathy that binds the hemisphere without a king [Cheers]. This speech was delivered at Pan-American Conference, or more properly at American Conference, the happy conduct of that meeting, the wise and comprehensive measures which were suggested by it, with the frank and kindly spirit that was manifested in the discussion of the various topics, stimulated a desire in those and in our people for larger intercourse, commerce and friendship. The provisions of the bill passed at the last session, looking reciprocity in trade, were adopted with unanimous approval when I signed the bill, but with my zealous promotion before the bill was reported.

Finally, at San Antonio, the President paid the people of Texas a deserved compliment on the liberality with which Texas has provided for its public schools:

My fellow-citizens, the pride of America, the school, the state, the nation, and all that is dear to us, has entered the education of many people upon the face of the earth, is our system of government. [Applause.] I am glad to know as I here express my satisfaction, that here in the State of Texas you are giving to the school children what has been able to earn a school fund, the interest upon which promises a most magnificent endowment for your schools. These schools are the pride and safety of the State, bringing up on a common level the children of rich and poor.

Surely, nobody can read these extracts from the President's speeches without having the conviction forced upon him that Benjamin Harrison is a statesman, a deep thinker and a patriot.

THE VISIT OF PRESIDENT HARRISON.

It is nearly eleven years since a President visited this State. During that period the changes that have been wrought have been so marked as to amount to a complete transformation. Then Los Angeles had a population of 11,000. Today it has five times so many.

During his progress through the South, inspired by the wonderful material progress which that section has witnessed during the past decade, he naturally made frequent reference to commercial affairs. Thus, for instance, at Radford, Va., he said:

What hinders us, secure in the market afforded by our great population, from successful competition in the markets of the world? What hinders our people, possessing every element of material wealth and power, from entering great fields of energy unhampered, from easily having a seat as a merchant man flying the flag of our country and carrying its commerce into every port?

At Johnson City, Tenn., he referred to the healing of the breach between the Northern and Southern States, as follows:

It is especially glad to be able to say that those who followed other views of duty and took sides against us in that struggle, with division in voice or heart today praise the Almighty that He preserved us our Union. [Cheers.] There is no question, whatever his views upon the subject, that he has stirred the pulses of this great Nation; that has kindled these fires, that has converted these retired and isolated farms into centers of population, that has drawn the market close to the doors of the farmer, and prosperity into every home? It is that we have no line of division between States; it is these impulses of freedom and enterprise, once limited in their operations, now covering all the States. We have a glorious heritage. The Confederate soldier has a full, honorable and ungrudged participation in all the benefits of a great and just Government.

At Knoxville he said:

It is my wish, as I am sure it is the wish of all whom I associate in political life, that the South may have full and complete restoration of its rights and of its former status.

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

It is true that we in California are separated by over three thousand miles of distance and a high range of mountains from the national capital; that we read of events before they happen there, by our time; that our climate and products are different from those of the East; yet, for all that, we yield first place to no other State in patriotism, attachment to the Union, and loyalty. While our people, perhaps, attach less importance to their eastern brethren to the fidei-sput theories of practical politics, they are American to the backbone, loyal to the flag, and ready to die, if need be, in defense of it.

Since the President has expressed a special desire to inquire into the material resources, prospects and needs of the sections which he visits, we shall not hesitate to call his attention to the fact that we have here the foundation for the grandest State in the Union, a State deserving of cordial encouragement and support on the part of the Federal Government. We ask no charity, but our industries, being young, need some fostering care until they are able to stand alone, when we shall not fear to contend with the world on equal terms.

The President, while on his tour, has seen much marvelous progress in the South. He will see more of the same here, and what he witnesses is but a sign of what is yet to come. But, however, our wealth and population may increase, our devotion and loyalty to the flag of the Republic can never be greater than they are upon this day, when we join in extending the gates to peace, commerce and prosperity.

There have been two conquests, one with arms and the other with the gentle influence of trade. The latter is greater than the former.

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

At Chattanooga he said:

It is my wish, as I am sure it is the wish of all whom I associate in political life, that the South may have full and complete restoration of its rights and of its former status.

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

At Chattanooga he said:

It is my wish, as I am sure it is the wish of all whom I associate in political life, that the South may have full and complete restoration of its rights and of its former status.

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

At Chattanooga he said:

It is my wish, as I am sure it is the wish of all whom I associate in political life, that the South may have full and complete restoration of its rights and of its former status.

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

All things are changed except that the flag that then divided us, but in view of the marvelous benefits which are disseminating themselves over the States who fail to obey one law? In one other land, perhaps—in Russia—but what a contrast between such a progress in the two countries. Here, a beloved President, traveling without guard and received everywhere by the plaudits of a free people; there, a despotic ruler, concealing the date of his journey and traveling in an iron-bound coach, between double lines of soldiers!

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

In Galveston, the President made quite a long speech, which is worth quoting entire, but lack of space forbids us repeating more than the following passage:

We are strong enough and rich enough to reach forward to broader conceptions than have entered the minds of some of our statesmen in the past. If you are content I am not that the nations of Europe shall absorb nearly the entire empire of America, and that the United States, in the south of us, that is naturally in a large measure ours by neighborhood, ours by nearness of access, ours by that sympathy that binds the hemisphere without a king [Cheers]. This speech was delivered at Pan-American Conference, or more properly at American Conference, the happy conduct of that meeting, the wise and comprehensive measures which were suggested by it, with the frank and kindly spirit that was manifested in the discussion of the various topics.

We are strong enough and rich enough to reach forward to broader conceptions than have entered the minds of some of our statesmen in the past. If you are content I am not that the nations of Europe shall absorb nearly the entire empire of America, and that the United States, in the south of us, that is naturally in a large measure ours by neighborhood, ours by nearness of access, ours by that sympathy that binds the hemisphere without a king [Cheers]. This speech was delivered at Pan-American Conference, or more properly at American Conference, the happy conduct of that meeting, the wise and comprehensive measures which were suggested by it, with the frank and kindly spirit that was manifested in the discussion of the various topics.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

In Galveston, the President made quite a long speech, which is worth quoting entire, but lack of space forbids us repeating more than the following passage:

We are strong enough and rich enough to reach forward to broader conceptions than have entered the minds of some of our statesmen in the past. If you are content I am not that the nations of Europe shall absorb nearly the entire empire of America, and that the United States, in the south of us, that is naturally in a large measure ours by neighborhood, ours by nearness of access, ours by that sympathy that binds the hemisphere without a king [Cheers]. This speech was delivered at Pan-American Conference, or more properly at American Conference, the happy conduct of that meeting, the wise and comprehensive measures which were suggested by it, with the frank and kindly spirit that was manifested in the discussion of the various topics.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

I beg to assure you that these laws will have more careful attention from the Government at Washington and from our representatives at foreign courts.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE

Opening of the Convention at Cincinnati.

President Thurston's Ringing Speech to the Assembled Delegates.

Addresses Also Delivered by Other Prominent Party Leaders.

Ex-Gov. Foraker Offends the Indiana Delegation by His Reference to Blaine—An Ovation to McKinley.

By Telegraph to The Times.

CINCINNATI, April 21.—[By the Associated Press.] Delegates to the Republican Convention arrived in great numbers on the morning trains today. Everybody was busy with the preliminary arrangements at headquarters. Music Hall, where the convention is held, is beautifully decorated with flags and bunting.

Soon after 1 o'clock President Thurston called the convention to order. After prayer, W. S. Squires, president of the Ohio League, spoke. Mayor Mosby made the opening address of welcome, and was followed by Ex-Gov. Foraker, who welcomed the delegates in behalf of the State.

FORAKER'S REMARKS.

Ex-Gov. Foraker said the Republicans of Ohio were simply Republicans; they sometimes had contests which they regarded as purely their own, but on national issues they never faltered. No Republican candidate for the Presidency had ever failed to get Ohio's electoral vote. Continuing he said:

The Republicans of Ohio cheer with the same enthusiasm and loyalty as the people of the West, and the same admiration and devotion for the greatest living American, James G. Blaine. [Prolonged cheering.] You will be affected the same way, [more cheering], as well you may, or Mr. Blaine has given us a magnificent administration! [Applause].

PRESIDENT THURSTON'S ADDRESS.

President Thurston then delivered his address.

He described at considerable length the objects of the League. He said it had no desire to assume control of party machinery or usurp the functions of any committee entrusted with campaign management. It addressed itself to the intelligence and patriotism of the American people, and proposed by honest methods and fair means to command Republican principles to their judgment. The membership of the League, he said, is already 1,000,000, made up from every walk of life.

Speaking of the Farmers' Alliance movement, he said its importance must not be underestimated by the Republican party. The hope of the Democratic party today, he declared, is based on its ability to combine with the Alliance on the electoral tickets in the Western States and thereby throw out the Republicans from the House of Representatives. He said if the Republicans expected to hold the allegiance of western people they must go to it that western interests are recognized and western demands given fair consideration in legislative and administrative affairs.

Continuing Judge Thurston said:

The results of the late Congressional election and the phenomenal growth of the Farmers' Alliance have been heralded by the press as the formation of a new protective system. It is true that the enactment of the McKinley Bill so near to election day that its practical effects could not be determined, or falsehood concerning it was spread, but the party gained thousands of votes; but before the next Presidential election such beneficial effects will have become apparent and if any of its specialties prove to be excessive or unjust the Republican party stands ready to condemn its own mistakes and destroy the foundation principles of American protection. The Farmers' Alliance was undoubtedly an important factor at the last election. It was first organized in the Southern States where it had decided influence, and then the failure of all and support of Democracy. Its organization in the West has also been encouraged by the Democratic party, as its membership would be drawn largely from honest men and veterans whose voices have heretofore made the Prairie State certainly a safe and reliable Republican. The low prices of 1882 and the short crops of 1890 brought great hardships in financial distress to the agricultural West, and naturally turned toward a movement which at once enlisted their sympathies and seemed to promise almost immediate relief. The time was also most opportune for political demagogues, cut-throats from both parties.

Judge Thurston said the secrecy of the League was in opposition to the spirit of American liberty which rejoices in free speech and an honest exchange of sentiment. The speaker touched up the mudwumps in a vigorous manner and gave some attention to the affairs of the South, saying that the shotgun, bummer vote-buyer and the demijohn must be banished from every polling place. Referring to the New Orleans lynching Judge Thurston said:

Of one thing let all christendom take notice: If other nations rid themselves of Americanism, we will do the same, and at our expense. The American people will protect themselves. Our Government stands ready to make ample reparation for every wrong done to real citizens of any foreign power, but so long as we have a right to do it, we will do it. Tom Reed, G. Blaine as Secretary of State, no apology will ever be offered, and not a dollar ever be paid for the killing of red-handed outlaws, though the navies of all Europe should stand at our hands and the flag of the Republic fly once more.

The New Orleans incident has aroused public opinion on the subject of the immigration and naturalization laws.

In conclusion Judge Thurston declared that now was the time to begin the campaign of 1892, and that the old guard of the party must now give place to younger leaders.

John R. Thompson, in responding to the address of welcome, said that this was not a body to nominate men, to provide a way to elect them after they were properly nominated by the party's established method, but it was fair to consider principles, and he went on to name some that should still animate the party. He believed in the rulings of Tom Reed, who had found how to make the dumb speak. Referring to the New Orleans incident, he said it was time Castle Garden should be closed until the applicant for admission should show an honest purpose and that he would become a useful and honest citizen.

At the conclusion of the speeches committees were appointed and an adjournment taken until tomorrow.

A DELEGATE RAISES A ROW.

Just before the adjournment, Dele-

gate Cole of Shelbyville, Ind., created a breeze by declaring that he would call a meeting to denounce the treatment accorded President Harrison. He was quickly surrounded by other delegates and quieted. His complaint arose from the allusion of Foraker to Blaine as having "given us a magnificent administration." Cole, however, subsequently called a meeting of the Indiana delegation and proposed that formal be made to the major to the Committee on Resolutions, inasmuch as it was thought likely that Foraker did not intend to convey the meaning that Blaine was the ruling spirit of the administration, but that he meant to compliment the administration of the State Department.

M'KINLEY HONORED.

A mass meeting was held tonight at Music Hall, the building being packed from floor to roof. The first speaker was Gen. Charles H. Bartlett, of New Hampshire, who made a brief speech regarding the conduct of government. References to President Harrison and Secretary Blaine called forth the wildest applause and three cheers for each of those gentlemen.

After a musical programme had been rendered, Judge Thurston said: "I have the honor to present to you the next Governor of Ohio, and one of the future Presidents of the United States, Hon. William McKinley, Jr." This unexpected salutation was greeted with cheers long continued, and followed by three cheers for McKinley in each of the prospective characters in which he was introduced. Maj. McKinley in his address said, "I trust that one great gift of the Republic is that it causes that it could look into the past without blushing and into the future without fear." The speaker then sketched the history of the Democratic party in Kansas and Nebraska legislation, and the proposition for the United States to consider the bill to buy Cuba, to extend slavery. As to the circulation of the currency, if more needed it will be forthcoming; but whether it will be gold, silver or paper, it must be worth just what its face says its value is. To the charge that the mission of the Republican party had ended, Maj. McKinley said: "Not yet, not now, not till the American ballot is as sacred as the American home."

Maj. McKinley then read an interview with Congressman Lee of Richmond, Va., recently printed. The substance of which was: First, subordinate everything to party; second, we must not consider anything in which the Democratic party is divided till after 1892; third, the Fifty-second Congress should prevent pernicious legislation but attempt nothing more.

"Now," said Maj. McKinley, "they carried the country in 1890 by an immense majority and according to this interview are afraid to interpret the policies which they won on the victory. They denounced the tariff and did not know what tariff was."

To the charges that the Fifty-first Congress was expensive, Maj. McKinley said:

It used a great deal of money, but paid its debts and a large arrears left over by the Fifteenth Congress. It kept all its pledges. The Elections of 1890 were as fair as of Congress did not pass. We kept faith with the creditor that bought our bonds in the time of need, and now we want to keep faith with that other creditor, whose services and skill we owe to him who offered his life in defense of the country. We stamped the life out of rebellion.

John M. Langston of Virginia and A. J. Lester of Springfield, Ill., also spoke briefly and the meeting adjourned.

A CRANK'S DELUSION.

He Thinks He is to Wed Horace Greeley's Daughter.

NEW YORK, April 21.—[By the Associated Press.] Miss Gabrielle Greeley, the only surviving child of Horace Greeley, whose wedding with Rev. Frank Montrose Glendenning will take place at Pleasantville, N. Y., on Thursday morning next, heard last evening a somewhat alarming report from Black Rock, near Buffalo, to the effect that Alfred A. Banks, formerly resident of Chappaqua, imagines he is the happy man and is coming on to claim her. Banks, who is a crank, bought a wedding suit of the finest broadcloth and undoubtedly is in earnest. He lived in Chappaqua, the home of Miss Greeley, for two years, working in the cooper shop of A. J. Quimby. He proved to be a good workman. He is a strapping big Southerner with black beard and eyes, a very muscular man, and one possessing great powers of endurance. He displayed many peculiarities while in Quimby's employment, chief among which was his attention to Miss Greeley, about whom he talked on all occasions and declared she had promised to marry him.

Miss Greeley, when interviewed, said: "Course I never promised to marry him, nor did we ever have any conversation on the subject. The nearest he ever came to it was to say that if he was king of heaven he would make me his queen. I laughed. I could not keep him away from Sunday school, and he forced his services on me in many cases when I did not have been glad to offer them with him. He was so persistent that at length I became alarmed and was very glad to see him leave the village."

The Memphis Races.

MEMPHIS, April 21.—There was a splendid track.

Two-year-old maidens, half-mile Tom Paxton won, Fantipha second, Phelan Gordon third. Time, 0:52.

Seven furlongs—Buck won, Fred Taral second, Billy Pinkerton third. Time, 1:31.

Louisiana stakes, 2-year-olds, \$100 added, half-mile—Addie won, Cesarone second, Adalira third. Time, 0:51.

All ages, seven furlongs—Bonnie Byrd won, Hodsign second, Rainier third. Times, 1:31.

Handicap, 3-year-olds, mile—Phloro won, Odrey second, Lizzie Gwynne third. Time, 1:44.

A BATTLE IN AFRICA.

LONDON, April 21.—The natives of Portuguese Guinea, on the west coast of Africa, have revolted and raised the French flag. In battles with the Portuguese rebels routed them, killing 400 of the native levies and four Portuguese officers.

FIGHTING IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA, April 21.—News from Simla says: The English have killed 150 more Manipuris in battle. One Englishman was killed and four wounded.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

LONDON, April 21.—A farmer named Dunn in a province of Austria today killed his wife and four children with a hatchet and then hanged himself because of financial troubles.

FADED.

B. & A. Homarage, bankers and merchants of Bombay, have failed with liabilities of \$2,500,000, owing to wild speculation.

Poisoned by a Centipede.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), April 21.—A family moving from Tennessee to Texas was poisoned while in camp in Boone county by a centipede being accidentally boiled in their coffee. The mother and two small children are dead and the father and two other children are seriously ill.

Baseball.

BOSTON, April 21.—Boston, 11; Athletic, 4.

COLUMBUS, April 21.—Columbus, 8; Cincinnati, 5.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Washington, 8; Baltimore, 12.

LOUISVILLE, April 21.—The St. Louis game was postponed on account of rain.

Death of a Colored Bishop.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Bishop Disney, of the African M. E. church, is dead.

EVICTING STRIKERS.

More Stormy Scenes in the Coke Region.

Women Engage in Furious Attacks on the Sheriff's Deputies.

A Noted Socialist Prepared to Add Fuel to the Flame.

Large Bodies of Armed Finkerton Detectives Pouring into the Region—They May Cause Trouble.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SCOTTSDALE (Pa.), April 21.—[By the Associated Press.] The strikers are very angry over the news that 500 Finkerton men will be placed on guard in this region tomorrow. Their coming means further trouble, which will certainly follow, owing to the hatred in which they are held.

A meeting of the executive board of mine workers this evening made preparation in financial and other ways to prolong the fight. Five hundred or 600 Italians are also on the way here to take the place of the strikers and this causes trouble.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGON, April 21.—[By the Associated Press.] The Census Bureau has made public a bulletin giving statistics of the mortgages in Alabama and Iowa. The debt in Alabama January 1, 1890, was \$30,027,983, of which 73.70 per cent was in acres and 26.30 per cent on lots. The large proportion of the debt on acres is due to investments in mining and iron and steel manufacturers.

The total existing real estate mortgage indebtedness of Iowa is \$199,034,956, of which 74.79 per cent, or \$148,645, is on acres, and 25.23 per cent, or \$50,220,311, on lots. There is an average indebtedness of \$104 to one of population in the state.

The chief source of interest in Alabama is represented to have been 8 per cent. Of the total recorded debt, 11.49 per cent, drew interest above 10 per cent, and 88.51 per cent, at 10 per cent or less. Above 8 per cent all interest is usurious, and such rates are, or were actually paid on 13.61 per cent of the recorded debt.

Interest at 8 per cent, is or was paid on 48.60 per cent of the debt of Iowa recorded during the ten years, 7 per cent, on 21.91 per cent; 10 per cent on 13.25 per cent; 6 per cent, on 12.88 per cent; above 10 per cent, on .02 of 1 per cent. The legitimate rate of interest is 10 per cent.

Hall and Fitzsimmons.

CHICAGO, April 21.—President Shaw of the Twin City Jockey Club is trying hard to get Hall and Fitzsimmons to fight in Minneapolis, July 22 for a purse of \$12,000. Hall objected to this amount alongside of the \$17,000 offer of the Astoria Athletic Club. Doubts being expressed as to the genuineness of the latter offer, Parsons Davies and George Clark telegraphed to Astoria for confirmation, saying if no proper assurances were received the match would be closed at once.

A Kindergarten Anniversary.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Kindergartners from many cities filled the Church of the Messiah tonight. They were present, 1500 strong, to celebrate the one hundred and ninth anniversary of the birth of Friedrich Froebel, originator of the kindergarten idea. A number of interesting addresses were made.

His Homestead Safe.

WASHINGON, April 21.—Secretary Noble has affirmed the decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office in the case of Charles John Hobson vs. John W. Hobson, concerning Hobson's homestead entry for a tract of land in Oregon City.

Smelter Closed Down.

HELENA (Mont.), April 21.—The East Helena smelter has closed down because of a strike of employes for increased wages.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

There is still no choice for Senator in Florida.

Influenza is raging in London and other English cities.

Redwood City has raised \$500 to celebrate the Fourth of July.

White Man (colored) was hanged at Charlottesville, Va., yesterday.

The Edgar-Thompson Steel works at Pittsburgh has been suspended.

John Scarry, a broker of Indianapolis, made his will and died Monday night.

The Republicans won in all the recent municipal elections in Montana, except

Bethel general lookout of stonemasons began at Pittsburgh and Allegheny City yesterday.

Several lines of street railway at Detroit are tied up by a strike of conductors and drivers.

Ray Gould says he is supporting the Western Traffic Association, not trying to wreck it.

A passenger train on the Alabama and Great Northern was wrecked yesterday near Spring Hill, and the engineer and fireman were killed.

No superintendent of immigration has been appointed for Boston, and as a result there is no obstacle to objectionable immigrants landing at that port.

A number of men of the Third Battalion of Grenadier Guards quartered at Chelsea, England, have struck for pay. Ex-servicemen were the cause of the trouble.

Malvern Hill, twelve miles below Richmond, Va., the scene of one of the most famous battles of the late war, has just been sold to William H. Hale of New York city.

A conference between Secretary Root and the state from California, in which he stated that while he did not believe the Democrats can carry the Golden State, he thinks Cleveland can come nearer doing it than any one else.

A Washington dispatch says that in the light of the highly satisfactory results recently obtained, a new brand of explosive material of American manufacture officials are convinced that it is only a question of a few months before the army and navy will be able to adopt a new standard powder equal in efficiency to the very best produced and used by any foreign power.

A receiver is to be appointed in New York for Henry E. Dixey, the actor, to take charge of the latter's property and liquidate a judgment against him. Dixey testified that he has no interest in the plays of Adams and in "The Ages" except that he is under contract to act in it \$500 a week. Out of his salary he pays \$100 royalties. Of the remaining \$200 he gives his wife \$50 and his mother \$50.

ALL IS NOT DULL.

BUSINESS.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, April 21, 1891.
There were few changes of importance in the local markets today. The butter market shows few signs of improvement. Eggs have been coming in supplies about equal to the demand, and quotations are unchanged. Choice potatoes are firm but poor, and are slow of sale.

Tomorrow, being a half-holiday, comparatively little business will be transacted.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

NEW YORK, April 21.—**MONEY**—On call easy; closing offered at 5.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—567.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Quiet, steady;

60-day bills, 4.85%; demand, 4.88%.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The stock market was with a check today as regards its strength and its activity, though the firmness of its tone was not impaired for a moment. A steady opening was followed by a general selling movement, which forced prices off from 1/4 to 1/2, but after this had spent its force, there was a complete rally. But continued efforts of the professionals to force a decline kept the market rather feverish throughout the day. Theodis was fairly active and heavy with prices generally small fractions under those of the opening.

Government bonds were steady.

NEW YORK STOCKS AND BONDS.

In the quotations below, where two sets of figures appear, thus: "Central Pacific, \$100-\$105," the first figures refer to the noon quotations and the last to the closing quotations.

NEW YORK, April 21.

U. S. 4s, reg.—131 1/4 N. P., pref., 70%; U. S. 4s, coup.—121 N. W., 109 1/2-109 1/4.

U. S. 4s, reg.—101 1/4 N. W., 134 1/2-135 1/2.

Pacific & W. E.—121 1/2 N. W., 109 1/2-110 1/2.

Can. Pac.—121 1/2 N. W., 109 1/2-110 1/2.

Han. & G.—14 1/2@15 1/2.

Barney—14 1/2@15 1/2.

Cong.—13 1/2@13 1/2.

BUTTER—Fair to choice, quoted at 19@23 1/2c.

Eggs—California ranch, quoted at 20@22 1/2c.

HONEY—White comb quoted at 11@14c; amber, 12@15c.

MUTTON—Quoted at 9@9c.

VEGETABLES.

Onions—A1 35@4 1/2c.

Mushrooms—A1 8@15c.

Cucumbers—A1 5@10c.

Kiwi—A1 40@6 1/2 per box.

Turnips—A1 1@1 1/2 per box for ordinary and 1 1/2@2 1/2 for Alameda and Boudin Island.

Green Peppers—A1 20@25c per pound.

Green Peas—At 24@25c for field and 4@ per pound for sweet.

Carrots—At 8@10c.

Tomatoes—Quoted at 1@0 1/2@1 1/2 per box for choice to fair.

Egg Plant—20@25c per box.

Squash—Marrowfat, 36c per ton; summer, 10@12c per cent.

Bitter—At 10c per sack.

Carrots—Feed at 4@9c.

Onions—A1 12 1/2 per cent.

Cabbage—At 50c.

Garlic—Quoted at 1@2c per pound for onions.

Dry Peppers—At 15@20c; dry okra, 20@25c per pound.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

PROVISIONS.

Hams—Rex, 12@15c; Crown, 13c; Lily, 13c.

Beef & Beef—16c; Liver, 10c.

Chops—3 10c; Liver, 4 4 1/2c.

Crocker—10c; Oysters, 6 6 1/2c.

Con. Virginia, 12 1/2c.

Savage—3 3 1/2c.

Confidence—5 5 1/2c.

Sierra Nevada 3 1/2c.

Gould & Curry 3 3 1/2c.

Union Con. 3 3 1/2c.

Hale & Norr. 8 7 1/2c.

Union Con. 3 3 1/2c.

Newt. & Silver 7 1/2c.

BAR SILVER.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—BAR SILVER—96@97 per ounce.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—MEXICAN DOLLARS—\$767875. COIN—1.36@1.42@4.

NEW YORK, April 21.—BAR SILVER—96c per ounce.

LONDON, April 21.—BAR SILVER—44c per ounce.

LONDON MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, April 21.—CONSOLS—Closing: Money closed at 95 1/2; do account, 90; U. S. 4s, at 124; do 45 1/2; 104. Money, 44c per ounce.

BOSTON STOCKS.

BOSTON, April 21.—CLOSING—Atherton, Tepaka and Santa Fe, 29%; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 88%; Mexican Central, common, 21 1/2%; San Diego, 22.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

GRAIN.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Wheat was unsettled and active with a large speculative trading. The opening was 16 1/2c higher and the market advanced a fraction more the higher. The market was 2 1/2c higher, and for July 1/2c higher than the closing figures of yesterday. Receipts 350,000; shipments, 500,000.

Closing quotations: WHEAT—Steady; cash, 11 1/2c; May, 11 1/2@12 1/2c; July, 10 1/2c; Aug., 12 1/2c; Sept., 13 1/2c; Oct., 14 1/2c; Nov., 15 1/2c; Dec., 16 1/2c; Jan., 17 1/2c; Feb., 18 1/2c; Mar., 19 1/2c; Apr., 20 1/2c; May, 21 1/2c; June, 22 1/2c; July, 23 1/2c; Aug., 24 1/2c; Sept., 25 1/2c; Oct., 26 1/2c; Nov., 27 1/2c; Dec., 28 1/2c; Jan., 29 1/2c; Feb., 30 1/2c; Mar., 31 1/2c; Apr., 32 1/2c; May, 33 1/2c; June, 34 1/2c; July, 35 1/2c; Aug., 36 1/2c; Sept., 37 1/2c; Oct., 38 1/2c; Nov., 39 1/2c; Dec., 40 1/2c; Jan., 41 1/2c; Feb., 42 1/2c; Mar., 43 1/2c; Apr., 44 1/2c; May, 45 1/2c; June, 46 1/2c; July, 47 1/2c; Aug., 48 1/2c; Sept., 49 1/2c; Oct., 50 1/2c; Nov., 51 1/2c; Dec., 52 1/2c; Jan., 53 1/2c; Feb., 54 1/2c; Mar., 55 1/2c; Apr., 56 1/2c; May, 57 1/2c; June, 58 1/2c; July, 59 1/2c; Aug., 60 1/2c; Sept., 61 1/2c; Oct., 62 1/2c; Nov., 63 1/2c; Dec., 64 1/2c; Jan., 65 1/2c; Feb., 66 1/2c; Mar., 67 1/2c; Apr., 68 1/2c; May, 69 1/2c; June, 70 1/2c; July, 71 1/2c; Aug., 72 1/2c; Sept., 73 1/2c; Oct., 74 1/2c; Nov., 75 1/2c; Dec., 76 1/2c; Jan., 77 1/2c; Feb., 78 1/2c; Mar., 79 1/2c; Apr., 80 1/2c; May, 81 1/2c; June, 82 1/2c; July, 83 1/2c; Aug., 84 1/2c; Sept., 85 1/2c; Oct., 86 1/2c; Nov., 87 1/2c; Dec., 88 1/2c; Jan., 89 1/2c; Feb., 90 1/2c; Mar., 91 1/2c; Apr., 92 1/2c; May, 93 1/2c; June, 94 1/2c; July, 95 1/2c; Aug., 96 1/2c; Sept., 97 1/2c; Oct., 98 1/2c; Nov., 99 1/2c; Dec., 100 1/2c; Jan., 101 1/2c; Feb., 102 1/2c; Mar., 103 1/2c; Apr., 104 1/2c; May, 105 1/2c; June, 106 1/2c; July, 107 1/2c; Aug., 108 1/2c; Sept., 109 1/2c; Oct., 110 1/2c; Nov., 111 1/2c; Dec., 112 1/2c; Jan., 113 1/2c; Feb., 114 1/2c; Mar., 115 1/2c; Apr., 116 1/2c; May, 117 1/2c; June, 118 1/2c; July, 119 1/2c; Aug., 120 1/2c; Sept., 121 1/2c; Oct., 122 1/2c; Nov., 123 1/2c; Dec., 124 1/2c; Jan., 125 1/2c; Feb., 126 1/2c; Mar., 127 1/2c; Apr., 128 1/2c; May, 129 1/2c; June, 130 1/2c; July, 131 1/2c; Aug., 132 1/2c; Sept., 133 1/2c; Oct., 134 1/2c; Nov., 135 1/2c; Dec., 136 1/2c; Jan., 137 1/2c; Feb., 138 1/2c; Mar., 139 1/2c; Apr., 140 1/2c; May, 141 1/2c; June, 142 1/2c; July, 143 1/2c; Aug., 144 1/2c; Sept., 145 1/2c; Oct., 146 1/2c; Nov., 147 1/2c; Dec., 148 1/2c; Jan., 149 1/2c; Feb., 150 1/2c; Mar., 151 1/2c; Apr., 152 1/2c; May, 153 1/2c; June, 154 1/2c; July, 155 1/2c; Aug., 156 1/2c; Sept., 157 1/2c; Oct., 158 1/2c; Nov., 159 1/2c; Dec., 160 1/2c; Jan., 161 1/2c; Feb., 162 1/2c; Mar., 163 1/2c; Apr., 164 1/2c; May, 165 1/2c; June, 166 1/2c; July, 167 1/2c; Aug., 168 1/2c; Sept., 169 1/2c; Oct., 170 1/2c; Nov., 171 1/2c; Dec., 172 1/2c; Jan., 173 1/2c; Feb., 174 1/2c; Mar., 175 1/2c; Apr., 176 1/2c; May, 177 1/2c; June, 178 1/2c; July, 179 1/2c; Aug., 180 1/2c; Sept., 181 1/2c; Oct., 182 1/2c; Nov., 183 1/2c; Dec., 184 1/2c; Jan., 185 1/2c; Feb., 186 1/2c; Mar., 187 1/2c; Apr., 188 1/2c; May, 189 1/2c; June, 190 1/2c; July, 191 1/2c; Aug., 192 1/2c; Sept., 193 1/2c; Oct., 194 1/2c; Nov., 195 1/2c; Dec., 196 1/2c; Jan., 197 1/2c; Feb., 198 1/2c; Mar., 199 1/2c; Apr., 200 1/2c; May, 201 1/2c; June, 202 1/2c; July, 203 1/2c; Aug., 204 1/2c; Sept., 205 1/2c; Oct., 206 1/2c; Nov., 207 1/2c; Dec., 208 1/2c; Jan., 209 1/2c; Feb., 210 1/2c; Mar., 211 1/2c; Apr., 212 1/2c; May, 213 1/2c; June, 214 1/2c; July, 215 1/2c; Aug., 216 1/2c; Sept., 217 1/2c; Oct., 218 1/2c; Nov., 219 1/2c; Dec., 220 1/2c; Jan., 221 1/2c; Feb., 222 1/2c; Mar., 223 1/2c; Apr., 224 1/2c; May, 225 1/2c; June, 226 1/2c; July, 227 1/2c; Aug., 228 1/2c; Sept., 229 1/2c; Oct., 230 1/2c; Nov., 231 1/2c; Dec., 232 1/2c; Jan., 233 1/2c; Feb., 234 1/2c; Mar., 235 1/2c; Apr., 236 1/2c; May, 237 1/2c; June, 238 1/2c; July, 239 1/2c; Aug., 240 1/2c; Sept., 241 1/2c; Oct., 242 1/2c; Nov., 243 1/2c; Dec., 244 1/2c; Jan., 245 1/2c; Feb., 246 1/2c; Mar., 247 1/2c; Apr., 248 1/2c; May, 249 1/2c; June, 250 1/2c; July, 251 1/2c; Aug., 252 1/2c; Sept., 253 1/2c; Oct., 254 1/2c; Nov., 255 1/2c; Dec., 256 1/2c; Jan., 257 1/2c; Feb., 258 1/2c; Mar., 259 1/2c; Apr., 260 1/2c; May, 261 1/2c; June, 262 1/2c; July, 263 1/2c; Aug., 264 1/2c; Sept., 265 1/2c; Oct., 266 1/2c; Nov., 267 1/2c; Dec., 268 1/2c; Jan., 269 1/2c; Feb., 270 1/2c; Mar., 271 1/2c; Apr., 272 1/2c; May, 273 1/2c; June, 274 1/2c; July, 275 1/2c; Aug., 276 1/2c; Sept., 277 1/2c; Oct., 278 1/2c; Nov., 279 1/2c; Dec., 280 1/2c; Jan., 281 1/2c; Feb., 282 1/2c; Mar., 283 1/2c; Apr., 284 1/2c; May, 285 1/2c; June, 286 1/2c; July, 287 1/2c; Aug., 288 1/2c; Sept., 289 1/2c; Oct., 290 1/2c; Nov., 291 1/2c; Dec., 292 1/2c; Jan., 293 1/2c; Feb., 294 1/2c; Mar., 295 1/2c; Apr., 296 1/2c; May, 297 1/2c; June, 298 1/2c; July, 299 1/2c; Aug., 300 1/2c; Sept., 301 1/2c; Oct., 302 1/2c; Nov., 303 1/2c; Dec., 304 1/2c; Jan., 305 1/2c; Feb., 306 1/2c; Mar., 307 1/2c; Apr., 308 1/2c; May, 309 1/2c; June, 310 1/2c; July, 311 1/2c; Aug., 312 1/2c; Sept., 313 1/2c; Oct., 314 1/2c; Nov., 315 1/2c; Dec., 316 1/2c; Jan., 317 1/2c; Feb., 318 1/2c; Mar., 319 1/2c; Apr., 320 1/2c; May, 321 1/2c; June, 322 1/2c; July, 323 1/2c; Aug., 324 1/2c; Sept., 325 1/2c; Oct., 326 1/2c; Nov., 327 1/2c; Dec., 328 1/2c; Jan., 329 1/2c; Feb., 330 1/2c; Mar., 331 1/2c; Apr., 332 1/2c; May, 333 1/2c; June, 334 1/2c; July, 335 1/2c; Aug., 336 1/2c; Sept., 337 1/2c; Oct., 338 1/2c; Nov., 339 1/2c; Dec., 340 1/2c; Jan., 341 1/2c; Feb., 342 1/2c; Mar., 343 1/2c

PASADENA.

Office: No. 2612 E. Colorado Street

HOME HAPPENINGS.**Getting Ready for President Harrison.****LOCAL MATTERS MILITARY**

Changes Among the Non-commissioned Officers—A Surprise Party—Mrs. Dexter's Reception—Breveities.

The Executive Committee in charge of President Harrison's reception met yesterday morning.

The names of Dr. A. Bley and H. H. Vischer were added to the Reception Committee.

It was decided to invite the Los Angeles companies belonging to the Seventh Regiment, N. G. C., to be present at the reception tomorrow evening, and the secretary was instructed to communicate with Col. W. G. Schreiber to this effect.

The following telegram was received yesterday afternoon from M. H. Weight, addressed to Col. Bowler: "The Pasadena representatives and myself return thanks for the invitation to be present at the reception of President Harrison, and congratulate our citizens on their energy and patriotism."

On the drive Friday morning the visitors will be taken through the Carr place, corner Orange Grove avenue and Colorado street, where their eyes will feast upon a great variety of rare semi-tropical plants and flowers.

The Committee on Floral Decoration will require considerable assistance to make a fitting floral arch on South Marengo avenue, and the assistance of all persons who can spare the time is solicited. The arch will be decorated to a large extent with calla lilies and liberal contributions in this direction are asked for. A committee will be in waiting tomorrow morning at the place where the arch is to be erected to receive ladies and flowers generally. If word is left with Mayor Lukens at the Pasadena National Bank a committee will call for flowers at such places as may be mentioned.

The Los Angeles Mandolin Club will furnish music at the evening reception.

It was decided that two ladies be added to the committee of five to meet the party at Riverside. The committee will leave at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Marshal Brown requests all property-owners along the line of the drive to put their places in the most presentable condition possible. The marshal requests his aids to meet at 7 o'clock this evening at Marshal McLean's office. The name of Jack Robins was unintentionally omitted from the list of aids published yesterday.

There is some talk of building a floral gate on South Marengo avenue, to open as the party approaches.

For the accommodation of the teachers and scholars of the Grant school the California teacher's college will run a car leaving Michigan avenue at 8 o'clock Friday morning. The public schools will be largely represented.

This morning at 9 o'clock the Executive Committee will meet the Committee of Seventeen to submit its final report.

THE MILITARY.

Matters of Interest Concerning Our Local Soldiers.

Company B made a satisfactory showing at the annual inspection Monday evening. Of the fifty men enrolled as members of the company forty-two were present, making the percentage of attendance 84. Six of the eight absences were out of town. The inspection was made by Brigade Inspector Maj. J. A. Driffill, after which the company was drilled in the manual and skirmish drills. Col. W. G. Schreiber of Los Angeles was present, besides numerous spectators.

The following changes in the non-commissioned officers have been approved at regimental headquarters: Arthur G. Buchanan, first sergeant; Vice Lancaster, resigned; Phil J. Cook, sergeant to fill vacancy; Arthur B. Case, sergeant to fill vacancy; Charles H. Cole, quartermaster-sergeant, vice Ferman promoted; Frank J. Coleman, corporal to fill vacancy.

In accordance with instructions from brigade headquarters, members are ordered to report at the Armory at 12:15 o'clock today in full dress uniform. The company will go to Los Angeles on the 1 o'clock Terminal train for escort duty to President Harrison and party in company with the field staff, band, and Companies A, C and F of the Seventh Regiment. Captain Hamilton will not be able to go and Lieutenant Campbell will be in command.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

An Evening of Dancing at the Carlton.

Mrs. W. W. Mills was given a pleasant surprise party at the Carlton yesterday evening by number of her friends, whom she entertained in handsome style.

The unexpected guests arrived shortly after 8 o'clock, and after the nature of their visit had been explained, the large parlors were cleared for dancing, which was continued until midnight. Six german figures were danced, several of them being altogether new and pretty. Elaborate refreshments were served. B. Brockway with his violin and Miss Manlove at the piano furnished excellent music.

Invitations had been issued to the following persons, nearly all of whom were present: Mrs. Bradley, Mr. Rogers, and Mr. F. B. Wetherby, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Martin, Mrs. and Mrs. Gilmore, Mrs. Winslow, Miss Brown, Miss Vischer, Miss Gleason, Miss Lowe, Miss Viall, Miss Hill, Miss Coates, Miss Pickrell, Miss McDonald, and Messrs. Rogers, Kaysor, Staats, Dr. Rodebaugh, J. W. Vandervoort, Robert S. Vandervoort, C. W. Bell, N. W. Bell, Coates, Halstead, Hill and Lowe.

Mr. Rogers took several flash-light photographs of those present, while the cutout figures were being danced.

THE PROBLEM THAT FACES US.

Mrs. Hoffman Addresses a Large Audience.

An unusually large audience assembled at the Methodist Tabernacle Monday evening to hear Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman discuss "The Problem that Faces Us." The lecture was logical and couched in eloquent language, and the speaker decidedly impressed all who heard her.

The liquor traffic was referred to as

one of the most important of the many problems that confront the American people. It was asserted to be the most serious of all, as it is fundamentally connected with all the rest. It was argued that this problem is more important to America than to other nations, because here there is power to control it by the ballot, and in the American ballot-box all nationalities are represented. The present war against the liquor traffic was compared to that formerly waged against slavery.

The entire lecture merited the close attention it received. Mrs. Hoffman will always be heard with pleasure in Pasadena.

MRS. DEXTER'S RECEPTION.

A Large Number of Guests Entained.

A charming afternoon reception was tendered, yesterday, by Mrs. E. B. Dexter, at her residence on Orange Grove avenue, to about two hundred guests. The house was decorated most artistically with a profusion of flowers of every description. Mrs. Wise of West Newton, Mass., received with the hostess, and they were assisted at the tables, where chocolate and Russian tea and light refreshments were served, by the Misses Wise, Miss Slaughter, and Miss Shafer of Oakland. The most novel of the delicacies served was a Spanish drink—anticantante—which, although badly handicapped by its name, attained instant popularity and was by all present the most delightful beverage yet discovered. The Polynesian Quartette was heard with pleasure at frequent intervals during the afternoon.

BREVITIES.

The overland arrived on time yesterday.

F. N. Rust left town on yesterday's overland.

The last quota of Raymondites will leave for the East today.

General Passenger Agent Winecup of the Terminal road was in town yesterday.

The fog cleared away about noon yesterday and the afternoon was delightful.

Seats are selling well for the Mendelsohn Quintette Club's concert Saturday evening.

Late arrivals at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.

The sale of a six-acre orange ranch in Alhambra to M. B. Miller for \$6500 is reported by Dr. G. R. Thomas.

The Conservatory of Music will hold the first rehearsal for the Bohemian Girl in the Frost building tomorrow evening.

Col. Bowler is one of the busiest men in town at present. To serve a Presidential banquet in proper style is no small undertaking.

Numerous Pasadenians expect to go to the party at the Acme: G. E. Walker, San Francisco; Miss Luella E. Fay, Springfield, Mass.



An old man named Mike Lyons was sent to the police station early yesterday morning for medical treatment.

A Sing, a Chinese lottery dealer, was yesterday convicted by a jury before Justice Owens. The heathen will be sentenced today.

Detective Bosquai was yesterday fined \$25 by Justice Owens for "mashins" Max Lazarus, the Louisiana lottery agent, who called him a liar.

Mary Graff, charged with disturbing the peace, was yesterday discharged by Justice Owens. The woman's arrest grew out of a neighborhood quarrel.

Let every one be present at Stance Post, G. H. Hall, Wednesday, at 2 p.m., in order to participate in the reception to our comrade, President Harrison. J. W. Hunt, S. V., commander.

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company for Miss Ada Wilson, William K. Flinn, H. J. Laughlin, Mrs. Florence Kendall, W. R. Ninnes, E. W. McGraw, J. A. Brock.

Ernest Compton, the youth in the employ of Max Harris, the Louisiana Lottery agent, was yesterday convicted of selling lottery tickets, by Justice Austin, and will be sentenced today. Max Harris was acquitted on this charge.

The case of S. F. Gleas, arrested on complaint of M. V. Biscaluz, the attorney, on a charge of threatening his life, yesterday came up before Justice Austin, when he gave ball for his appearance, and his condition was continued.

E. J. Pyley, an old man, was found in an electric shanty back of the Board of Trade building at the corner of First and Broadway, yesterday afternoon very sick and in need of proper attention. He was taken to the police station.

Dan Mahony, an old "chronic," who has spent most of his time on the chain gang for the past year or two, showed up at the police station yesterday afternoon in a very "rocky" condition. He was booked for medical treatment.

J. Lee Rogers, for several years past a detective constable in the city, died at the residence of his son, Harry Rogers, in Garvanza, early yesterday morning of consumption. Mr. Rogers had many friends in this city who will regret to hear of his death.

The notorious Nora McDonald has been arrested by officer Bevan on a charge of vagrancy. She is a well known character in police circles and is a hard case. She recently robbed a traveling man of quite a large sum of money and a check for \$300.

George D. Rush, an old man, was taken to the police station yesterday afternoon for medical treatment. This morning he was very bad and will be sent to the county hospital, from which place he will probably never return. He has been a sufferer for years from heart trouble, and his condition is very precarious. Rush came to California from Ireland in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited to be present.

June Lee Yoon, the supposed murderer of the Chinese laundryman at La Canada Sunday night, remained at the city prison until yesterday afternoon, when she was brought up against the County Town Sheriff by a Chinese named Wong Deen, charging him with the murder, when he was removed to the County Jail. The heathen still sticks to the first story he told, but it is believed that there will be no difficulty in getting sufficient evidence on which to condemn him. The body of the murdered Chinaman was brought in yesterday.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Sea Cliff Oil Mining Company was held at their office (corner of Broadway and First street), Monday evening, when the following officers were elected: T. Graves president; William S. Edwards vice-president, J. G. Holloman, secretary, L. N. Breed treasurer, W. O. Merithew, H. J. A. Stuh, Frederick Stock and John M. Harvey directors. John M. Harvey was elected manager of the works. The company will commence operations at once on their property, situated near Sea Cliff station in the well-known oil regions of Ventura county, where the indications are most promising.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

SIGNAL FAIR. LOS ANGELES, April 21.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.03, at 5:37 p.m. 30.00. The thermometer for corresponding hours showed 53° and 50°. Maximum temperature, 66°; minimum temperature, 52°. Cloudy. Rainfall for past twenty-four hours, trace.

EASTERN TEMPERATURES.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Temperatures at 9 a.m.: Chicago, 50°; St. Louis, 54°; Cincinnati, 55°; New York, 45°.

PERSONALS.

Judge E. S. Torrence of San Diego is registered at the Westminster.

Dr. F. L. Wadsworth of Chicago arrived at the Westminster yesterday.

Edward A. Barnes of Detroit, son of ex-Gov. Barnes of Michigan, is staying at the Westminster.

Gen. Elmer H. Murray of San Diego arrived in the city last night. He is at the Nadeau, and will be in the city for a couple of days.

G. W. Mackey of San Francisco, was among the arrivals yesterday at the Nadeau. Mr. Mackey will be in the city for some days.

The Boston Quintette Club took lunch at the Nadeau yesterday and secured rooms for their stay in the city on their return from San Diego.

Judge R. M. Widney has returned from Kansas City, where he has been in attendance on the sessions of the Western Commercial Convention.

Samuel O. Pope and wife of Chicago arrived in the city yesterday for a short stay.

They are to remain here during the Coast, and are guests at the Nadeau.

Richard A. McCurdy, president of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company, arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by a son, A. Grannis, the secretary of the company. They are located at the Nadeau.

The following ate registered at the Roma: G. E. Place and wife, Theo. Pompey, Sioux Falls, Dak.; A. H. Glasscock and wife, Visalia, Cal.; M. Eiderer, Sioux City, Iowa; E. G. Guyett, San Francisco; H. B. Rice, Honolulu.

John S. Shriver, New York, Mail and Express, who is traveling around the Presidential party, arrived in the city yesterday evening and is registered at the Hollenbeck. Mr. Shriver paid the Times office a visit last evening.

THE RAILROADS.

Changes in Santa Fe Train Service.

THE FRENO MOUNTAIN ROAD

Another Pennsylvania Excursion—Wealthy Enquirers—California Produce for the East—General and Local Goods.

A new line card will go into effect on the Santa Fe lines next Sunday. On and after that date the east-bound overland will leave Los Angeles at 12:30 o'clock noon, and the train from San Diego arrive here at 12:30 o'clock noon. The through sleeping-car which now runs to and from San Diego will then go by way of Los Angeles instead of Riverside. The west-bound overland will arrive at 2:45 o'clock p.m., and leave for San Diego at 3:35 o'clock p.m. The Heililine train to Oranze by way of Riverside will leave at 10 o'clock a.m., instead of 3:30 o'clock p.m. The evening train for Redondo Beach will leave at 5:25 o'clock p.m., instead of 4:45 o'clock p.m. These are the only changes affecting travel in this section, though the time-card of the whole system will be generally revised.

SCARF HEAD.

Passenger business is exceedingly dull hereabout.

Trainmaster Hibbard of the Southern California at San Bernardino was at Los Angeles headquarters yesterday.

A carload of flowers for the Chicago orange carnival and a carload of green peas for the eastern market, were hauled eastward by the San Joaquin, under the command of President Harrison. J. W. Hunt, S. V., commander.

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company for Miss Ada Wilson, William K. Flinn, H. J. Laughlin, Mrs. Florence Kendall, W. R. Ninnes, E. W. McGraw, J. A. Brock.

Ernest Compton, the youth in the employ of Max Harris, the Louisiana Lottery agent, was yesterday convicted of selling lottery tickets, by Justice Austin, and will be sentenced today. Max Harris was acquitted on this charge.

The case of S. F. Gleas, arrested on complaint of M. V. Biscaluz, the attorney, on a charge of threatening his life, yesterday came up before Justice Austin, when he gave ball for his appearance, and his condition was continued.

E. J. Pyley, an old man, was found in an electric shanty back of the Board of Trade building at the corner of First and Broadway, yesterday afternoon very sick and in need of proper attention. He was taken to the police station.

Dan Mahony, an old "chronic," who has spent most of his time on the chain gang for the past year or two, showed up at the police station yesterday afternoon in a very "rocky" condition. He was booked for medical treatment.

J. Lee Rogers, for several years past a detective constable in the city, died at the residence of his son, Harry Rogers, in Garvanza, early yesterday morning of consumption. Mr. Rogers had many friends in this city who will regret to hear of his death.

The notorious Nora McDonald has been arrested by officer Bevan on a charge of vagrancy. She is a well known character in police circles and is a hard case. She recently robbed a traveling man of quite a large sum of money and a check for \$300.

George D. Rush, an old man, was taken to the police station yesterday afternoon for medical treatment. This morning he was very bad and will be sent to the county hospital, from which place he will probably never return. He has been a sufferer for years from heart trouble, and his condition is very precarious. Rush came to California from Ireland in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited to be present.

SOCIETY.

THE BERG CONCERT.

Saturday evening, Prof. Berg gave a delightful concert at Alhambra. The program was quite entertaining, and was carefully carried out. Among the guests present from Los Angeles were the following:

Mr. Cohn, Miss H. Roth, B. E. Lewis, Miss B. Roth, Mr. Rhode, Miss Duggan, Mr. Barley, Miss Wier, Mr. Voekell, Miss Argenta McKeye, Prof. Gardner, Miss Gardner, Prof. Berg, Miss Walker, Prof. Stoll, Miss Folsom, Mr. Cohn, Miss L. McKee, and Mr. and Mrs. Seilensheid.

ST. JOSEPH'S GERMAN FAIR.

The ladies of St. Joseph's German Catholic church opened their fair in Turnerville Hall last night. The attendance was very good for the first night, and the various booths did a fair business. The fair is a good program, which was carried out in excellent style. It was as follows:

Opening address by Henry Dockweiler, Chorus by the Turnerville singer section, "Waltz for the dead hero" (Soprano), Overture, "Zambo" (Herald)—Miss M. Mansfield and Miss L. Jordan, piano, and Prof. A. J. Stamm, violin.

Chorus by Turner section. Violin solo (selected) by Master Julius G.

The booths are arranged around the hall and are handsomely decorated. The young ladies of the soda water booth are handsomely dressed in white and green costumes, most especially for the occasion.

This booth is in charge of Misses Elvira and Sophie Brossmer, assisted by Misses Bertha Penning, Dennisin, Julia Corrill, Kathie Niemeyer, Matilda Daigarrando and Nelle Nash.

The candy booth is in charge of Misses Josephine and Pauline Meissner.

The booth which is beautifully arranged is conducted by Mrs. and Miss Kate Dietrich, assisted by Mrs. Larson, Misses Sanger, Meade, Healey, Andrea, and Hattie M. Lindenfeld. The booth is tastefully arranged and will be open for this evening, and lunch will be served for this evening, and lunch will be served today at noon.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

Thursday evening, despite the rain, the friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Schenck gave them an enjoyable surprise at their residence on Euclid avenue, Boyle Heights, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of their wedding. The guests came in from all over the country, and they were a merry lot of spunks, and came laden with tinware and lots of good things. Dancing was indulged in until late at night. A special feature of the evening's entertainment was the Highland fling, given by Miss Lillian McKeye, who danced very gracefully. Every one expressed themselves as having enjoyed the evening to the utmost, and left with the wish that the charming host and hostess might have many more such anniversaries.

Those who were there were the following: Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. Wershing, Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. MacCaffery, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Shafford, Mrs. Ritchie, Mrs. Cochran, Mrs. Dr. A. J. Stamm, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Alexander, Miss Crowell, Miss Dexter, Miss Lorance, Miss Thatcher, Miss Lily Stone, Miss Adrian Stone, Miss Victoria, Miss P. Venita, Miss Anna, Miss Ward, Miss Ward, Miss Todd, J. Alexander, S. Alexander, H. Johnson, E. Ruddy and others.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Miss Nettie Cohn of San Francisco, is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Wiles, who have been visiting at the Warner ranch, have returned home.

Friar sealing the Children's Mission Board of the First Methodist church will hold a reception in the church parlor.

Friday evening Prof. de Landre will entertain the members of the Ideal Guitar and Banjo Club at his residence on Hill street.

People who are anxious to get a peep at the Presidents began to arrive from the country last night. Almost every town in Southern California will be represented.

H. H. Courtland, who has been visiting his cousin, Mrs. E. A. Foster, has gone to Coronado for a visit. He was accompanied by Miss Mae Forrester and Miss Anna Abbott.

Samuel O. Pope and wife of Chicago arrived in the city yesterday for a short stay.

They are to remain here during the Coast, and are guests at the Nadeau.

Richard A. McCurdy, president of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company, arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by a son, A. Grannis, the secretary of the company. They are located at the Nadeau.

The Boston Quintette Club took lunch at the Nadeau yesterday and secured rooms for their stay in the city on their return from San Diego.

Judge R. M. Widney has returned from Kansas City, where he has been in attendance on the sessions of the Western Commercial Convention.

Samuel O. Pope and wife of Chicago arrived in the city yesterday for a short stay.

They are to remain here during the Coast, and are guests at the Nadeau.

Richard A. McCurdy, president of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company, arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by a son, A. Grannis, the secretary of the company. They are located at the Nadeau.

The following ate registered at the Roma: G. E. Place and wife, Theo. Pompey, Sioux Falls, Dak.; A. H. Glasscock and wife, Visalia, Cal.; M. Eiderer, Sioux City, Iowa; E. G. Guyett, San Francisco; H. B. Rice, Honolulu.

John S. Shriver, New York, Mail and Express, who is traveling around the Presidential party, arrived in the city yesterday evening and is registered at the Hollenbeck. Mr. Shriver paid the Times office a visit last evening.

Society will give a grand ball on the evening of the 30th Inst. at Illinois Hall. Members of the firm will receive invitations by calling at Lichtenberg & Kugemann's art store, No. 107 North Main street.

AFTER HIS WIFE.

A Sacramento Dry Goods Clerk in Town.

Officer Fay dragged a Sacramento sensation from under a house off of Alameda street last night at 11 o'clock in the shape of Harry Phillips, a dry goods clerk.

The house is conducted by Lydia Thompson, and Phillips claims that his wife is an inmate of the place. He says that he married a Riverside girl four years ago, the result of which marriage was a girl baby that died two or three months ago. Soon after the death of the child Mrs. Phillips left her husband and came to Los Angeles and entered upon a life of shame.

As soon as Phillips learned of his wife's whereabouts he got a leave of absence for fifteen days and came down here. He has been here several days and says he has done everything in his power to get sight of the woman, but he has not been allowed to see her. He has been unable to see her because she has been married again.

He armed himself with a pistol and entered the yard by climbing over the fence. He crawled under the house where the officer found him. When Fay pulled him out he said he was a friend to the Chinese and was trying to find his wife.

He was a good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected and loved in life he is still remembered by the whole community where he lived.

He became a Christian in November, 1886, and attended services at the Chinese church.

He was a true good man in all the relations of life. Greatly respected